

GCWDA Clean/ Low Carbon Desalination Projects Database

Company name	FCC Aqualia
Partners	Aqualia, Fujifilm, IMDEA Agua, SGL, Leitat, Mikrolin, OnControl, SimTech, IHE Delft, UGB.
Project Title	Microbial Desalination for Low Energy Drinking Water (MIDES)
Status (planned, ongoing, completed)	Ongoing
Location(s)	Denia (Spain), Canary Island (Spain), Chile.
Technology	MDC (Microbial Desalination Cell)
Low carbon desalination scheme (renewable energy supply, energy efficiency, others)	Use of low energy pretreatment using ceramic microfiltration membrane. Partial desalination with Microbial Desalination Cell without external energy supply, obtaining the energy from the pretreated wastewater using bioelectrogenic bacteria. Final treatment at low pressure using RO technology.
Start date - End Date	April 2016 – March 2020
Size of the project (Water production and Energy supply)	3 pilot plants with up to 150 L/h
Investment size (please specify currency)	8,069,593.57€
Contractor	
Summary of the project	Shortage of fresh water has become one of the major challenges for societies all over the world. Water desalination offers an opportunity to significantly increase the freshwater supply for drinking, industrial use and irrigation. All current desalination technologies require significant electrical or thermal energy, with today's Reverse Osmosis (RO) desalination units consuming electric energy of at least 3 kWh/m3 – in extensive tests about ten years ago, the Affordable Desalination Collaboration (ADC) in California measured 1.6 kWh/m³ for RO power consumption on the best commercially available membranes, and total plant energy about twice as high. To overcome thermodynamical limitations of RO, which point to 1.09 kwh/m³ for seawater at 50% recovery, Microbial Desalination Cells (MDC) concurrently treat wastewater and generate energy to achieve desalination. MDCs can produce around 1.8 kWh of bioelectricity from the handling of 1 m³ of



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	wastewater. Such energy can be directly used to i) totally remove the salt content in seawater without external energy input, or ii) partially reduce the salinity to lower substantially the amount of energy for a subsequent desalination treatment. MIDES aims to develop the World's largest demonstrator of an innovative and low-energy technology for drinking water production, using MDC technology either as stand-alone or as pre-treatment step for RO. The project will focus on overcoming the current limitations of MDC technology such as low desalination rate, high manufacturing cost, biofouling and scaling problems on membranes, optimization of the microbial-electrochemical process, system scaling up and economic feasibility of the technology. This will be achieved via innovation in nanostructured electrodes, antifouling membranes (using nanoparticles with biocide activity), electrochemical reactor design and optimization, microbial electrochemistry and physiology expertise, and process engineering and control.
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